

## LZCap<sup>®</sup>AG(FM)

**Description:** LZCap<sup>®</sup>AG(FM) is a Cap1 analog, which can be used as the capping agent for producing mRNAs in an “one-pot” process. Under the action of T7 polymerase, mRNA with 5' end Cap 1 structure was generated by co-transcription using LZCap<sup>®</sup>AG(FM), NTPs, and template DNA. The capped mRNA could be directly translated and expressed in cells and in vivo. It is widely used in the fields of in vitro transcription, gene editing, vaccine development, tumor CAR-T therapy, protein substitution therapy and regenerative medicine.

LZCap<sup>®</sup>AG(FM) requires the T7 promoter with AG as the starting sequence. LZCap<sup>®</sup>AG(FM) can provide >95% capped mRNA, and up to 100-200 µg capped mRNA can be generated with 1 µg DNA template per standard reaction.

**Molecular Formula:** C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>48</sub>FN<sub>15</sub>O<sub>24</sub>P<sub>4</sub> (Free acid)

**Molecular Weight:** 1205.74 (Free acid)

**CAS No.:** /

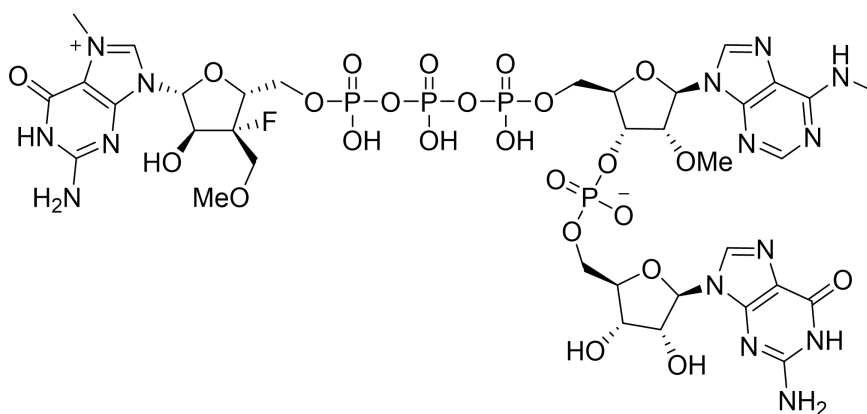
**Concentration:** 100 mM

**Specifications:** 100 µL, 1 mL

**Purity:** HPLC ≥95%

**Salt type:** NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>

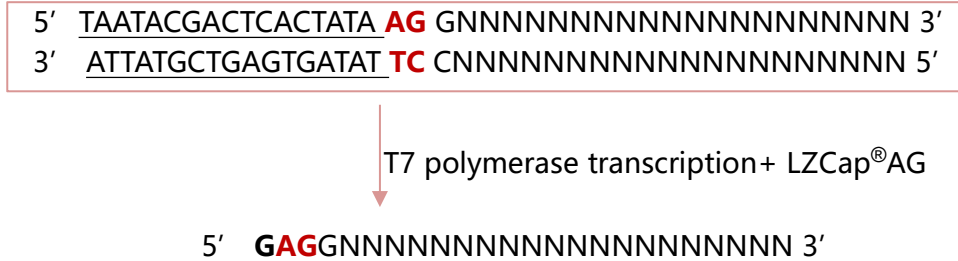
**Structure:**



**Storage Conditions:** store at -15°C or below.

## LZCap® DNA Template Design

LZCap®AG(FM) is suitable for AG-initiated sequences. As shown in the figure below, the T7 promoter (underlined) followed by the AG sequence can effectively initiate transcription.



## 10x m6A Transcription Buffer Preparation

Component	Volume ( μL )	Final concentration
RNase Free Water	185.8 μL	NA
Tris pH 7.5 (1M)	400 μL	400 mM
HCL (1M)	150 μL	150 mM
MgCl <sub>2</sub> (1M)	160 μL	160 mM
DTT (1M)	100 μL	100 mM
Spermidine (5M)	4.24 μL	21.2 mM

The 10x m6A Transcription Buffer is specifically optimized to maximize the transcription efficiency of LZCap®AG(FM).

## Protocol

1. Thaw components required for the experiment on ice.
2. Add RNase free water and NTPs to reaction tube. Then add LZCap®AG(FM) Cap analog to tube and vortex briefly to collect liquid.
3. Add 10x m6A Transcription Buffer. Vortex. Spin briefly to collect Liquid. Then add DNA template.
4. Add Murine RNase Inhibitor, Yeast Inorganic Pyrophosphatase, and T7 RNA Polymerase.
5. Mix well by flicking or inverting tube 10 times and spin briefly to collect liquid
6. Incubate at 37 °C for 2-3 hours. If the transcript length is less than 100nt, increase the reaction time to 4-8 h.

Component	Volume (μL)	Final concentration
RNase Free Water	Up to 20μL	/
ATP(100mM)	1	5mM
UTP(100mM)	1	5mM
CTP(100mM)	1	5mM
GTP(100mM)	1	5mM
<b>LZCap®AG(FM) (100mM)</b>	2	10mM
10× m6A Transcription Buffer	2	1×
Linear DNA	1μg	50 ng/μL
Recombinant RNase Inhibitor(40U/μL)	0.5	1U/μL
Pyrophosphatase(0.1U/μL)	0.4	0.002U/μL
T7 RNA polymerase(250U/μL)	1.2	15U/μL
Final Volume	20μL	

## Notes:

- 1) LZCap®AG(FM) is suitable for T7 promoter transcription vector with 5 'AG 3' initiated sequences, which needs to be considered when constructing the vector.
- 2) The reagents, consumables and containers used in the experiment are free of RNase contamination.
- 3) It is recommended to use a linearized DNA template for transcription.
- 4) When modified nucleotides were used in place of wild-type nucleotides, the final concentration of the reaction was unchanged.
- 5) Modified N1-Me-pUTP can be used in place of wild-type UTP. The modified N1-Me-pUTP reduces the immunogenicity of mRNA. Henovcom can also provide modified nucleotide N1-Me-pUTP (Cat. No.: HN1002).
- 6) If the PCR product is used as the transcription initiation DNA template, the amount of DNA template

can be reduced by half.